OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER

MEFHIGHMUN



On January 13,2023, MEFHIGHMUN was officially opened. The Opening Ceremony consisted of an opening statement by the principal of MEF Science Technology School: Önder Demirbilek. Proceeding, Foreign Service Officer at the U.S. Department of State, Nick Grandchamps gave an inspiring speech about our conference's theme: Alliances and Rivalries in Varying Centers of a Post-colonial World as well as his past experiences in politics, which was followed by our Secretary General's influential speech.

Letter From the Secretary General



Distinguished Delegates,

The international, political, and economical scenery has changed drastically, especially after the 2nd World War. The change has accelerated through the early 90s till this day. There have been a host of factors that have been major ingredients, starting with "The Fall of the Wall" and the change in the political polarity of the world. Unfortunately, the high hopes of the end of the clash of civilizations did not produce the intended results. Moreover, the chronicity in between the rate of growth of technology and the underlying internationally political framework has caused further complications about reaching welfare goals across the globe, such as the increase of health issues and disagreements that came with the Covid-19 pandemic.





The challenges of bringing comfort and prosperity to people across the globe are now more sophisticated than ever. Globalization has produced welfare, albeit not distributed equally upon global recipients. On the contrary, the collateral damage from ongoing physical battles have increased. The externalities of climate change, resource utilization, and environmental harm has come back to haunt humanity.

Looking ahead, change seems inevitable. What has been developing in the last 50 years is not the speed of technological change or the accumulated effects of the harm on environment but the international political order. Are we at crossroads of a historical nature, or do we still have time to evolve? Unquestionably, Model UN conferences are the foremost way to scrutinize, examine, and discuss these topics in the 21st century post-colonial world. In the view of the fact that Model UN gathers people all around the world and reinforces all kinds of people to work together as a team, as a systematic and considerate mind, as the voice that has been waiting to be acknowledged and released in all of us all around the world; for a better home, a better future, a better world - regardless of what race, age, or ethnicity we belong to. So, join us for a lively debate on where we are going - only in MEFHIGHMUN.

Yours sincerely,

Göksu Sivrikaya Secretary General of MEFHIGHMUN'23



OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER MEFHIGHMUN

Resolution Writing Basics

The formatting guidelines for your resolution are briefly listed below.

- •The statement of the committee and the question should be exactly as written in thehandbook.
- •The commission must be clearly stated in capital letters before the text section begins.
- •The opening of preambulatory clauses should be italicized.
- •No clause openings should be repeated in its exact form.
- •Preambulatory clauses must end in commas.
- •All acronyms must be listed in full before appearing in abbreviated form.
- •Grammatically the resolution is one sentence, so that no clause may contain a full stop (period) orbegin a new sentence.
- •Operative clauses must end in semi-colons.
- •Operative sub-clauses and sub-sub-clauses must have no punctuation at all at the end.
- •A period (full stop) only appears at the end of the last operative clause.
- •Operative numbers should align with the first letter of thepreambu-latory clause.
- •Following lines of operative clauses must align with the first word of the first line.
- •Sub-clauses should be marked with a letter and a bracket.
- •Sub-sub-clauses should be marked with a lowercase roman number followed by a period.
- •Ensure that there is a line-space between the end of one operative clause and the beginning of the next.

•Last clause ends with a period.

Useful Preambulatory Clause Openings

Affirming Alarmed by Aware of Bearing in mind Believing Declaring Disturbed by Emphasizing **Fully alarmed** Fully aware **Fully believing** Guided by Having adopted Having considered Having examined Having heard Having received Having studied

Keeping in mind Noting with regret Noting with deep concern Noting with satisfaction Reaffirming Realizing

Recalling Recognizing Referring Regretting Seeking Taking into account Taking into consideration Taking note Viewing with appreciation Welcoming

Useful Operative Clause Openings

Hopes Invites Notes Reaffirms Recommends Regrets Reminds Requests Resolves Sanctions Solemnly Affirms Supports Suggests **Takes Note of Transmits** Trusts Urges - Wishes

Accepts Affirms Approves Asks Asks for Asks that Authorizes Calls Calls for Confirms Congratulates Considers Deplores Deplores Designates Draws the Attention Emphasizes Encourages Endorses

OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER **MEFHIGHMUN**

Schedule for Day 2

08.30-08.50 Stoff Briefing

09.00-10.15 Committee Session

10.15-10.30 Break

10.30-12.00 Committee Session For Special Committees
10.30-12.30 Committee Session For Development Committees
12.00-13.00 Lunch For Special Committees
12.30-13.15 Lunch For Development Committees
13.00-14.30 Committee Session For Special Committees
13.15-14.30 Committee Session for Development Committees
14.30-14.45 Break
14.45-16.00 Committee Session

16.00-16.15 Break

16.15-17.30 Committee Session

17.30-17.45 Break

17.45-19.00 Committee Session

19.00-21.00 Social Event

COMMITTEES

OHCHR:"The Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees was established on December 14, 1950 by the United Nations General Assembly. The agency is mandated to lead and co-ordinate international action to protect refugees and resolve refugee problems worldwide. Its primary purpose is to safeguard the rights and well-being of refugees. It strives to ensure that everyone can exercise the right to seek asylum and find safe refuge in another State, with the option to return home voluntarily, integrate locally or to resettle in a third country. It also has a mandate to help stateless people."-un.org

UNESCO:"UNESCO's mission is to contribute to the building of a culture of peace, the eradication of poverty, sustainable development and intercultural dialogue through education, the sciences, culture, communication and information." - un.org

ECOSOC:The United Nations Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) is responsible for coordinating the economic and social departments of the United Nations. In this council, international economic and social problems are discussed, and through communication policy recommendations addressed to member states are formulated. It conducts cutting edge analysis and comes to a compromise for setting new norms for further sustainable development.

WHA:The World Health Assembly (WHA), which serves as the decisionmaking body of the World Health Organization (WHO), is attended by delegations from all WHO Member States and focuses on specific health agendas provided by the Executive Board. The main functions of the WHA are to determine the policies of the WHO, appoint the Director-General, supervise financial policies, and review and approve the proposed programme budget.

UNICEF: "UNICEF, in full originally called the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund, now officially United Nations Children's Fund, is an agency of the United Nations responsible for providing humanitarian and developmental aid to children worldwide."

UNEP:The United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) is in charge of the coordination of responses to environmental issues within the United Nations system. It is concerned with a wide range of issues, which include climate change, marine and terrestrial ecosystems, and green economic development. The UNEP provides leadership, delivers science and develops solutions in these specific areas. It also internationally develops environmental agreements, helps national governments achieve environmental targets and heavily promotes environmental sciences.

UN WOMEN: The United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women, also known as UN Women, is a United Nations entity working for gender equality and the empowerment of women. Founded in 2010.

UNODC :"The United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime is a United Nations office that was established in 1997 as the Office for Drug Control and Crime Prevention by combining the United Nations International. "

ICJ:The International Court of Justice, also known as the World Court, is the main judicial organ of the UN. It was established in June 1945 by the Charter of the United Nations and began work in April 1946. The seat of the Court is at the Peace Palace in The Hague.

UNHCR:"The Human Rights Council is an inter-governmental body within the United Nations system responsible for strengthening the promotion and protection of human rights around the globe and for addressing situations of human rights violations and make recommendations on them."-ohchr.org

UNSC:The United Nations Security Council is one of the six principal organs of the United Nations and is charged with ensuring international peace and security, recommending the admission of new UN members to the General Assembly, and approving any changes to the UN Charter.



OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER **MEFHIGHMUN**



Gallery















